

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

And Victoria Chronicle.

VOL. 20.

VICTORIA, V. I., BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1868

NO 97.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11—A quarrel occurred this morning between two workmen at the rolling mill. One seized a red hot iron rod and ran it through the body of the other, killing him instantly. The murderer was arrested.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12—Phelan & Collender's large billiard table factory took fire this morning and was nearly consumed, together with its contents. There were 400 finished tables in the factory and material for as many more. A large number of tables were about being shipped to California and the West. 300 workmen are thrown out of employment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13—The total loss by the burning of Phelan & Collender's billiard factory is \$220,000. The amount of insurance is unknown.

The Tennessee legislative committee telegraphed to Governor Brownlow this evening that the President will sustain the civil authorities. Orders have been issued to the Department commanders to sustain and aid the civil authorities.

General Sherman called on the Secretary of War to furnish an additional regiment of cavalry for service against the Indians.

The Republican demonstration in New Orleans progressed to-night without any disturbance. Three companies of infantry were stationed at the Custom House and other troops disposed of in different quarters of the city. There were only three white clubs in the procession, numbering three hundred all told. A prominent feature was a wagon containing a negro woman dressed in white, decorated with flowers, representing the State. The whites generally remained in their houses. There were comparatively few on the streets.

In Guayaquil the earthquake was felt but no damage was done. Letters from Quito dated Aug. 19, announce that the earthquake continued at intervals of a few hours. The President has issued a proclamation to the people to come forward and help the sufferers.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13—The freight depot of the Chicago & Northern Railroad was burned this afternoon. Loss, \$70,000.

Fifteen of the passengers and crew of the propeller Hippocampus escaped from the wrecked vessel by clinging to portions of the wreck, and were picked up by a passing vessel and brought to shore. Twenty-six are known to be missing. The vessel was overloaded with freight, foundered and sank very quickly.

Europe.

LONDON, Sept. 11—Minister Johnson formally waited on Lord Stanley on the 9th. He will submit his credentials to the Queen on Monday.

Queen Victoria has arrived at Windsor.

PESTH, Sept. 11—The various estates of Prince Kara Georgevitch within Hungary have been confiscated in favor of Servia.

Canada.

HALIFAX, Sept. 12—The Recorder an anti-union paper, publishes a rumor that some General of the United States army has sent a letter to an official in this province offering fifteen or twenty thousand troops to Nova Scotia, if necessary to insure her secession from the Dominion. The report is entirely discredited here.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12—The first political discussion of the campaign took place in Oakland last evening, between W. T. Wallace and G. C. Gorham. The meeting was fairly attended and very orderly. The debate was opened by Gen. Wallace, who made an effective speech in the stereotyped Democratic style. Mr. Gorham ably refuted all charges made by Wallace. Gorham's speech was logical, effective and well delivered, and it was generally conceded that he had the best of the argument.

Udolpho Wolfe sues Frank Cassin, Louis Lacour, Z. Wertheimer and I. Waterman, to enjoin defendants from manufacturing and selling Von Wolfe's Aromatic and Schiedam Schnapps, and to make them pay Plaintiff for profits realized and to recover in each instance, \$10,000 damages.

NEVADA, Sept. 13—Col. Tweed addressed an immense crowd here last evening. It was one of the most enthusiastic Union meetings that has been held here during the campaign.

VOLCANO, Sept. 13—A large fire occurred here last night at half past ten. Several buildings on Main street were burned and others badly damaged.

STOCKTON, Sept. 10—Quite an enthusiastic Republican meeting was held under the auspices of Freedom's Defenders, in the Agricultural Hall last night. The meeting was addressed by Senator C. Cole.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14—The opposition steamer Nevada arrived this forenoon from Panama. She brings full particulars of the appalling disasters in South America, the substance of which is included in the Eastern dispatches.

A destructive fire occurred at Calles on August 14. Thirty houses were destroyed and twenty-seven badly damaged. Total loss, one million dollars.

The National Guard, militia, of this city, propose to go to Washington to be present at the inauguration of General Grant as President.

E. H. Washburne, formerly tax collector of San Francisco, and a prominent man in the great reformation of the city government in 1856, died yesterday.

A dividend of one and a half per cent on California Steam Navigation stock has been declared.

The steamship Idaho, from Honolulu arrived to-day.

During the last forty-eight hours, ending to-day noon, over 4,100 tons wheat were received at this city.

Large sized vessels offered at £3 2s 6d to carry grain to Liverpool.

Mining stocks do not improve. The failure to find any ore in the lower levels of Norecross, Savage, Imperial, Crown Point and Chollar has shaken the faith of the operators in the permanency of the lode.

Confederation.

EDITOR COLONIST.—I have observed several letters in your columns, written by persons who take a stand adverse to the idea of Confederation, and have waited to see whether some able pen than mine would take the trouble to reply on the other side. I will first allude to the two protests which appeared in your paper a few days ago. Now I am perfectly convinced there are many persons who will sign anything they are asked to sign, they do so partly from apathy about the whole affair, partly as a compliment to the asker, and partly because they have not the courage to say no. I have known persons sign a paper quite antagonistic to their avowed sentiments, merely because they did not like to refuse, and imagined that, in some inexplicable manner, their 'bread depended upon it.' With respect to the protest from British subjects, I confess it contains the names of many of our leading residents, but I observe among them the names of many youthful persons, some of them mere boys, who have taken care to whistle the same tune as their employers.

As regards that emanating from our foreign residents, when I think of the horror with which many parts of the neighbouring States reviewed the prospect of the concentration of British power on this Continent, and remembering the mixed and heterogeneous nature of that Republic, I certainly am of opinion that the whole force of the document in question points in the other direction.

With respect to the subject itself, I am at a loss to conceive what the opponents of Confederation have to hope for, or look forward to. To my mind, however, there seems to be a considerable element of jealousy in the whole affair. It sometimes happens that those who secretly approve a measure, are so pusillanimous as to oppose it, merely because they observe others take a prominent part in the same. They see others lead the van, and themselves disdain to follow in the rear.

Besides, why was not all this steam got up before? It was known for several weeks, nay, months beforehand, that delegates were about to meet at Yale, why did not these brave signers do something then? They thus gave their tacit consent to the whole affair, and their after-repudiation is senseless and of no value. Confederation is approaching us, slowly perhaps, but surely, and we may as well get it in our own way, as accept it in any other.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, M.A. Cantab.
Victoria, Sept. 28.

A Reply From Dr. Davie.

EDITOR COLONIST.—I never break a lance with anyone who has not the manliness to meet me face to face, but has the cowardice to shelter himself behind a fictitious name while he throws unseemly missiles. I will merely say, that if Canadians have no better arguments to use in favor of Confederation than scurrilous abuse and spitting in the hand of their antagonists we Englishmen had better think twice before putting our necks under their feet.

JOHN C. DAVIE, M.R.O.S.

Business Cards.

Victoria Gas Company, Limited.

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS.

CONSUMERS OF GAS ARE HEREBY notified that on and after 1st October next, the price of gas will be reduced from the sum of \$7 50 to the sum of \$6 00 per thousand cubic feet. The system of discount adopted on 1st October, 1867, will be discontinued from the above date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
C. W. R. THOMSON,
Secretary.
Victoria, Sept. 11, 1868.

NOTICE

A SECOND DIVIDEND OF ONE-EIGHTH of one per cent. will be paid in the Estate of J. P. COUCH, on and after the 25th inst., by
JNO. J. AUSTIN, Assignee.

Victoria Nursery and Seed Establishment.

MITCHELL & JOHNSTON,
Nursery & Seedsmen, Florists, Garden Architects & Landscape Gardeners.

Gardens, Orchards, Ornamental Grounds, &c., laid out and Planted.

Greenhouses Built and Heated on Latest Approved Principles.

Drawings, Specifications and Estimates Prepared.

OUR MR MITCHELL'S MODE OF constructing Horticultural Erections is highly spoken of by the late Dr. Lindley in a leader of the Gardener's Chronicle for 1867. He sums up thus:—'It seems to us that we have here an improvement introduced into construction, which is second only to that which followed the introduction of hot water pipes.' Mentioned in his 'Book of the Garden,' highly approved his improved method of tank heating.

SEED STORE, YATES STREET,
(Next Wells, Fargo & Co.)

Nursery Grounds, at Head of Fort Street
Victoria, 1868.

Hotels, Saloons, &c.

St. Nicholas Hotel,
Government Street,
VICTORIA, V. I.

This Establishment
Is now Open for the Reception of Guests
And is recommended to the Travelling Public as a

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

THE ROOMS HAVE ALL BEEN
REFURNISHED,
And particular attention is paid to

CLEANLINESS AND GOOD ORDER.

APARTMENTS will be let by the DAY, WEEK or MONTH, at a Great Reduction from Former Rates. Travellers are requested to inspect the Hotel before seeking accommodation elsewhere.

J. FRIED,
Proprietor.

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THE ALHAMBRA.

The Alhambra Saloon.

YATES STREET.

IS STILL CONDUCTED IN ITS USUAL
happy manner. Civility, Good Liquors, and Cigars being the secret of success.

The Proprietor is ever mindful to give his attention to the same for the benefit of his patrons.

W. FARRON,
Proprietor.

Victoria, B. C.

New Advertisements.

New Clothing Store.

ADAMS & BEAVEN,

Having formed a Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Business of

CLOTHIERS & HATTERS,

In the Premises formerly Occupied by R. H. ADAMS, on

GOVERNMENT STREET,

Desire to inform the Public that having Reduced the Price of every Article in the HAT TRADE to the LOWEST POSSIBLE FIGURE, and by IMPORTING DIRECT their well-assorted

Stock of Clothing, &c.,

Are determined that no House in the Trade can or shall Undersell them.

Our Motto is 'Small Profits and Quick Returns.'

R. H. ADAMS.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

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LONDON



HOUSE,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

Sept. 28th, 1868.

We are now Opening our Splendid Stock for the AUTUMN and WINTER TRADE, received by "Spirit of the Age" and Express.

These Goods have been carefully selected by us in London and Paris, and are in every respect the most desirable that could be Purchased for Cash in the best Markets of the World. They comprise all the Latest Fashions for Dress—very Superior STAPLE DRY GOODS, MANTLES, MILLINERY, FURS, &c., and some of the most Elegant Designs in FRENCH FANCY GOODS.

We are receiving additions to our Stock by every Steamer via Panama.

J. H. TURNER & CO.,

Sole Agents for Alexandre's Kid Gloves.

LONDON FIRM—J. P. TUNSTALL & CO.

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OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

W.M. WILSON

Has just received by Express from England a Large Stock of

SUPERIOR WINTER CLOTHING,

Hosiery, Underclothing, Hats, Waterproof Clothing, &c., &c.

Which will be sold VERY CHEAP to make room for other Goods on the way.

GREAT BARGAINS IN BEAVER SUITS, PANTS, AND BALTIC SHIRTS.

New Fall Goods, 1868.

FINDLAY & DURHAM

Are now Landing Ex PRINCESS ROYAL from London

60 cases & 48 bales General Merchandize,

FOR THE FALL TRADE COMPRISING

Dry Goods, Clothing, Underclothing, Hosiery, Hats and Caps, Blankets, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

All of which are offered to the TRADE at LOW RATES.

Wallace & Stewart.

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WHARF STREET, Victoria, V. I.

All kinds of Agricultural Produce bought and sold.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOW RATES, ON FIRST CLASS security.

HOUSES TO LET.

TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTIES for Sale or to Let.

T. ALLSOP, Agent.
Government street, near Broughton.

\$500 Reward.

WHENEVER THERE IS REASON TO believe that the Frame Dwelling situated on Port broke street, belonging to John Finson, was maliciously set on fire, a Reward of Five Hundred dollars is hereby offered by the undersigned for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in the outrage.

SPROAT & CO.
Agents Royal Insurance Co.

Store street, Victoria, 10th Sept., 1868.

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Wm. DENNY, Manager.

The Saanich Road Bridges.

Some time has elapsed since the destruction of the bridges on the Saanich road and no steps have been taken to rebuild them; not a week passes but we are reminded by the farmers, whose lands are situated beyond the burnt bridges, of the great inconvenience which the fire has caused to the whole districts of North and South Saanich; the West road is the only available outlet that the farmers of North Saanich have for their produce, and owing to the late fires they are almost cut off from any communication with Victoria. It seems that there are three bridges destroyed, one situated between two and three miles north of the Half-way house, and the other two, between North and South Saanich; there is also a piece of corduroy burnt in the low ground below Mount Newton; and in addition to this, trees have fallen and are lying across the road in all directions. It is absolutely necessary that this road should be made passable, and it is the manifest duty of the Government to attend to it. Statute labor will not suffice to rebuild bridges, and it is an instance of gross neglect on the part of the Land Department, to suffer the public roads of the Colony to remain useless for want of repair. Complaints reach us from other parts of the Colony, of similar and equally culpable instances of neglect, and our contemporaries, as well as the residents on the Mainland, naturally ask whether the whole staff of the Land Office are so occupied with their public duties here, that none can be spared for the public works necessary in other places? We really cannot tell how this is; assuredly public works here do not show any appearance of having engrossed more attention from the public officers of the Colony than can be bestowed upon them by the superintendent and guard of the chain-gang, if we except the notable instance of the building of an extra room at the Land Office for the accommodation of the Chief Commissioner, and the additions and alterations to Government House. We should never willingly raise objections to the Governor being well and comfortably housed, but when we see necessary public works neglected, and public money squandered, upon unnecessary alterations, we feel it our duty to enter a protest. Whether the Governor is aware of what repairs are necessary to public works, roads, and bridges, or whether he is studiously kept in ignorance of these matters which so affect the comfort and prosperity of the people, we know not, but one thing is plain, he ought not to allow himself to be kept in ignorance of these things, if his habits are not sufficiently active to allow of his making himself personally acquainted with the wants of the different parts of the Colony; surely it is not asking too much, even of one notoriously wanting in energy, that he should inquire occasionally of those whose duty and business it is to know, and that he should see that they give practical attention to these matters. It is really disgraceful that the Department of Lands and Works should be allowed to fall into such disrepute as that, to which it is apparent to all, the neglect of the material interests of the Colony will bring it. If what is done is done well, there would be less cause for censure, but when, as has lately been the case at Government House, work has had to be taken down and done over again, owing to the culpable negligence of those who planned the alterations, the public patience naturally becomes exhausted, complaints of the extravagance in unnecessary matters become loud, and indignation at the conduct of a Government who can permit puerile waste in small and needless alterations, whilst public works are suffered to fall into decay—waxes strong. Under a proper system of Representative Government, Heads of Departments would not dare to neglect their duties recklessly; the time will come when they will regret their callousness and indifference to remonstrance. If public servants care nothing for the due performance of their public duties, can they wonder that the public should wait somewhat impatiently for the opportunity to be rid of them.

The South American Earthquake.

A letter from Arica, dated the 16th, says: At 5 p.m. on the 13th a severe earthquake visited our city, overthrowing most of the houses and lasting five minutes. Cracks opened in the earth; water rose through them; the sea receded; another strong shock came, and the ruin was complete. Then came the sea with a wave fifty feet high, invading the town, sweeping everything before it, and tearing vessels from their anchorage. The confusion was frightful. Those who were not fortunate enough to escape in time were buried under the falling walls and roofs, or dashed by the waves against the ruins. The earthquakes followed without cessation; the water flowed over the site of the city, and many of the houses not under water were on fire. The sky threatened storm, and all the elements were in fury. The aid which many would have willingly given to the sufferers was impossible. Among the dead of the Fredonia are Lieutenants Dyer and Orgorn, Purser Cromwell; Clerk Slunt; Mrs Dyer, and 27 sailors. The chief losers are Gibbs & Co, George Hollman, Deves Preres, Zigold, Briger & Co, Bryant & Co, Harmsen & Co, Haywood & Co, Wm Brown, O Euler, E Prouse, F Fird, Danelsberg & Co, Williams, Alexander McClean, E Bandir & F Saled. The Custom House, Steamer Agency, Railroad Station, Post Office, Hospital, barracks, churches, and all the houses and stores along the water front have disappeared. The sea left nothing that could be used for habitation. The water reached the cemetery of Matriz, and swept all the northern part of the town and desolated the gardens known as the 'Chimbas'. The railroad near the plaza is gone, and elsewhere the embankment is carried off and the iron torn from the sleepers. The telegraph has been injured so that two months will be required to put it in good order. No list has been made of those killed on land. Among them is Mrs Thompson, wife of Lieutenant Thompson of the Waterer. Terror, hunger and desolation reign in Arica. Its surviving inhabitants have withdrawn to the hills and valleys in the neighborhood. The ruins are visited only by plunderers and by persons searching for the remains of their friends or fortunes. The rabble of Arica have acted in a shameful manner, giving themselves up to idleness and theft. The physicians fled, and have not returned to render any assistance to sufferers. The battalion of artillery merit the censure of public opinion and the punishment of the Government. The Captain of the Port and the Sub-Perfect have done their best to maintain order and prevent wrong. The unfortunate crew of the America [Peruvian man-of-war] struggled heroically, and in the midst of their danger were constantly trying to assist others. The officers of the Waterer were noble companions and self-denying friends in misfortune. There was no aid within their reach that they did not render at the instant. They gave clothing to the wrecked, rations to the hungry, care and shelter to the wounded. Dr. Winslow, of the Waterer, and Dr. Dubois, of the Fredonia, were industrious in their medical and surgical labors, and prevented much suffering and saved some lives. The shocks continued at intervals of fifteen or twenty minutes till the present time [16th, p.m.] when the mail is about to close. Famine is imminent. On the 13th this port suffered the most awful disaster in its history. At 5 o'clock an earthquake began and lasted seven or eight minutes with so much violence that it was difficult to stand. All the houses of brick and stone were thrown down. In the night forty shocks were felt. At Arequipa all the patients in the hospital and all the prisoners were killed. The cries of the women and children, the crash of the falling walls, the thunder of the earthquake and the dense cloud of the suffocating dust, formed a scene that no pen can describe. Tacna, August 16th, 1868. A fearful calamity occurred on the 13th inst. For some days before, subterranean noises had been heard, and there was frequent short shocks which began to cause alarm. The grand oscillation began at 5 o'clock and lasted seven or eight minutes. We never witnessed an event so horrible, or a disaster so great. The earthquakes of 1831 and 1833 were it is said, nothing in comparison to this. All the buildings had suffered, and more than forty houses are flat on the ground, and a multitude of walls beside are cracked or thrown down. It was almost impossible to stand. The shakings continue and sixty-four shocks have been counted up to the present time. The violence was greatest at Sama and Locomba, where the vineyards are destroyed, and not a house is left standing. The earth opened in wide fissures from which rose water filled with ashes. The valley of Luta is ruined, and Arica has disappeared. From Paica and Portada on the road to Bolivia, we learn that immense cliffs were thrown down and great cracks open in the mountains, with a thundering noise that overpowered all persons in the neighborhood with terror. The Government should immediately send troops to Arica to maintain order. Money is necessary too, to provide food and care for the wounded survivors and helpless persons. Trains of mules have been sent from here to carry provisions and bring back people. All the rails of the railroad are broken loose from the sleepers. Among those who lost their lives at Arica is the wife of Lieutenant Johnson of the U.S. Steamer Waterer. She was killed by a log of timber falling on her whilst making her escape with her husband through one of the streets. The following are amongst the lost on the U.S. Steamer Fredonia at Arica: First Lieutenant Benjamin Dyer and his wife, Second Lieutenant David Orgorn. Arequipa, Aug. 16.—Gentlemen—This city was completely destroyed by an earthquake on the 13th instant—not a church left standing—not a house habitable. The shock commenced at 5:20 in the afternoon and lasted six or seven minutes. The houses being solidly built and of one story resisted for about one minute, which gave time for the people to rush into the middle of the streets, so the mortality, although considerable, is not so great as might have been expected. If the earthquake had taken place at night indeed would have been taken to the story. As it is the prisoners in the career [public prison] and the sick in the hospital have perished. The earthquake commenced with an undulating movement, and as the shock culminated no one could keep his feet; the houses rocked as a ship in the trough of the sea and came crumbling down. The shrieks of the women and the crash of falling masonry, the upheaving of the earth and the clouds of blinding dust made up a scene that cannot be described. We had nineteen minor shocks the same night, and the earth still continues in motion. Nothing has as yet been done towards disintering the dead, but I do not think any are buried alive, as certain death must have been the fate of all those who were not able to get into the street. The earth has opened in all the plains around, and water has appeared in various places.

New Advertisements.

SHOOTING MATCH & QUITS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announces that the FIRST SHOOTING MATCH of the SEASON will take place at the

CRAIGFLOWER HOTEL,

ON Saturday next, Oct. 3rd,

For a Splendid Lot of Fine Young Full-grown

TURKEYS & GEESE,

And also for

Two or Three pairs of Guinea Fowls.

Sportmen desirous of competing are requested to bring either rifle or shot gun, as there will be sport for both. Shooting to Commence at 2 o'clock. At 5 o'clock, two crack amateur players will pitch a game of Quoits on the grounds, for a considerable wager. After which a good Cold Collation will be spread, at 50 cents a head. Mr Williams' Buses will run from 12 o'clock. Fare, 30 cents. The undersigned will use every endeavor to insure a good time, and respectfully requests the patronage of both the Ladies and Gentlemen of Victoria to witness the Sport. sc20

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP KNOWN AS The Victoria and Western Hotel, on the 1st of July, 1868, Thomas Cameron will conduct the said business under the name of Thos. Cameron, assuming all liabilities, and to whom all claims are payable. J. E. HUNT. sc20

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 28th, 1868.

FLOUR.

Standard & other Brands

Ex G. S. Wright.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIDT,

WHARF STREET. sc20

Gunpowder,

BLASTING & SPORTING

FROM THE MANUFACTORY OF

CURTIS & HARVEY.

FOR SALE BY

THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIDT,

WHARF STREET. sc20

LOST.

A HANDSOME PAIR OF HIGHLY COLORED Gold Earrings with Drops on Wednesday. Anyone finding the same, by leaving them at Mr Jungmann's Store, Government street, will be rewarded. sc20

FOUND.

ON SHORE, ON SPIDERS ISLAND, A Fishing Boat, brought to the British Camp, San Juan Island, and left in the care of the Commanding Officer. The owner is requested call, prove his property, pay charges, and take it away, or it will be sold to defray expenses, in thirty days from this date. Victoria, B. C., Sept. 26th, 1868. sc20

For Victoria Direct.

AMERICAN BARK

ARIVAL.

Capt. REVELL.

Now loading at San Francisco, will positively sail for this port on the 1st of OCTOBER.

For particulars apply to

MILLARD & BEEDY, Wharf street.

Or FICKETT & HARTSON, 318 Front street, San Francisco. sc20

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN Langley, Crowell & Co. of San Francisco, Cal., and Alt. J. Langley, of Victoria, B. C., in the firm known as Langley & Co., Chemists and Druggists, was dissolved on the 1st day of August, 1868. Alt. J. Langley and Hugh L. Jones, formed a partnership, and will conduct the said business under the name of Langley & Co., as heretofore, they assuming all liabilities, and to whom all claims of the late firm are payable. ALFRED J. LANGLAY, HUGH L. JONES. sc20

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 26th, 1868.

Pianofortes

BY

KIRKMAN

AND

COLLARD & COLLARD,

FOR SALE BY

THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIDT,

WHARF STREET. sc20

Billiard Cloth

FOR SALE,

BY

THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIDT,

Wharf street. sc24

F. S. BUSHELL,

Pianoforte Tuner & Regulator,

JOHNSON STREET.

Victoria, B. C. sc20

Fire Department Election.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRO-

visions of the "Firemen's Protection Act," I hereby give notice that the Annual Election for Chief Engineer and Assistant Engineer of the Victoria Fire Department will take place on MONDAY, the FIFTH of OCTOBER, Eighteen hundred and sixty eight, at the House of Tiger Engine Co., No. 2, Johnson street. Polls to be open at 10 o'clock a.m., and close at 4 o'clock p.m. JNO. DICKSON, President V. F. D. sc24

Biscuit, Crackers

AND

PILOT BREAD.

MANUFACTURED AT THE CRAIG-

FLOWER BAKERY, by K. MCKENZIE.

For Sale in Lots to Suit.

Apply to THOS. LETT STAHLSCHEIDT, sc20

June 11th, 1868. July 2nd 1868

New Advertisements.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

We take the following report from the Liverpool 'Daily Courier' of 8th August, and as this Company does a large portion of the Insurance Business in this Colony, we have no doubt it will be read with interest by those of our readers whose property is insured with it. Any one who is willing to take the trouble to read the Report cannot fail to be impressed with the unquestionable security afforded by the 'Royal.'

REPORT.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders in this Company was held at the Office of the company, North John street, yesterday. Mr. Chas. Turner, M.P., presided, and the shareholders present were W. Smith, John Torr, J. Brookbank, M. Boufield, F. Maxwell, T. D. Clark, Joseph Youngblood, Christopher Atkinson, C. J. Corbally, James Finlay, Robert Horsfall, D. Malcomson, G. Grafton, W. Clift, W. Ravenscroft, Robt. Roberts, Henry Hargreaves, Wm. Whitman, John Griereson, W. O. Carter, A. Baruchon, K. Alexander, Isaac Kitchin, Colonel Macdowall, W. F. Arnitt, James Holmes, W. M. Quile, W. M. K. & Co. The Secretary, Mr. F. M. Dove, read the following Report for the year 1867—

The expenses of the Royal Insurance Company generally for the three years preceding the year 1867, the transactions of which form the subject of the present report of your Directors, has been with rare exceptions such a record of unusual calamities by fire—many purely accidental, and not a few undoubtedly designed—that the first pause in the heavy ratio of losses which has prevailed, and the first indication of a possibly favourable change in the annual ratio of the future, being with them a source of relief. The Royal Insurance Company has benefited in full proportion both in the advantages of the actually improved result of the past year, and in the reasonable prospects of the present one. Before passing to the special experience of this office during the last year, I may briefly be stated that the causes which have acted favourably on the accounts of the larger and smaller insurance Companies in the United Kingdom during that period may be considered as almost entirely included in the following, viz.—

1. The continued convictions obtained in the Criminal Courts in cases of clear and well proven acts of incendiarism. 2. The establishment of a moderate increase in the charges for insurance, according to their respective hazards, which are capable of modification from time to time, as necessarily shows cause, and the marked improvement in certain classes of risks consequent on the decisive action of the Insurance Companies. 3. The late severe commercial seasons, which teach that the Establishment of new Offices of Insurance—furnish even less than others for success, unless they be exercised in their formation far more matured views, and far more practical experience, than have been exhibited by the careless originators of new Companies of all kinds which have been brought into existence, and have sunk into annihilation, within the limits of the last few years; and 4. The overshadowing of a coming Act for judicial investigation into suspicious fires, which are grounds to conclude, will be passed by the now Parliament, in its first session.

These observations serve to introduce the statistics to be now presented of the Company's FIRE BRANCH.

The Premiums received in the year 1867 amounted to the sum of £460,553 14s. being an increase on the preceding year of £13,252 12s. At the time these accounts were made up, viz., 31st December, 1867, the Company had been established about 22½ years, it will be sufficient to show its unimpaired progress to refer back to the year 1845, the first period of its successful existence. The Premiums for that year were only £161,733, less than one-third of the sum collected under the same head in 1867. The losses which having accrued in the year 1867 reached the sum of £270,405, (a difference of no less an amount than £287,209, against the smaller amount of Premium collected therein. The ratio of claims, therefore, on the present occasion is less by upwards of 20 per cent. of the Premiums received in comparison with the year 1866, and so far as those two years are concerned, shows a very satisfactory transition from a disastrous experience to one which exhibits a fair and satisfactory amount of profit. The result of the year at the close of the books leaves, on account of the British and foreign business, including interest, an amount to the credit of profit and loss of £13,252 12s. 6d. whilst a separate amount of profit on the American Branch has been realised of £13,067, 8s. 2d. Moreover, enhances the significance of this favourable change to report further, that an estimate made of the transactions of the first six months of the present year exhibits proportionately for the time, an equal if not a still more satisfactory result. This conclusion, however, of this amount of success cannot be consistently reckoned on, as while on the one hand the same ratio of profits might by a certain degree of probability, be continued through the year, on the other hand there is at least one element of risk which will at any time before its close under anticipations of success may be rudely shaken, or not indeed wholly destroyed, by a series of losses such as have happened in the rapid succession many times in the late unpropitious year. The report of the last year having indicated the remedial measures adopted by this Company in consequence of the discovery of new elements of risk, and the lamentable results to the country, and some portion of the present comparative example being fairly attributable thereto, a brief detail of the manner in which these measures have been carried out will not be unacceptable. The increased rigour used in investigating proposals for insurance, then announced, has not been relaxed, and its advantageous results are now becoming manifest. The Company's books, old or new, have undergone a renewed and careful investigation, and the measure of risk involved has been ascertained by a fresh weighing of its relative importance. It has been an equal object of desire in this laborious process to avoid in any instance unnecessarily to raise the rate of Premium, as far as has been possible, the risk of an annual danger should be kept on the books that would not yield to the Shareholders some moderate probability of reasonable profit. That both these designs have been successful, admits of conclusive proof. With regard to the first, it may safely be affirmed that the popularity of the Company throughout the world remains unimpaired, and as not being in the least degree undermined by impolitic harshness in carrying out the indispensable requirements which have been adverted to, so much has this been the case, that the year which has been withdrawn from the risk of a consequent of the needful correction of the rates, have (so far as the exigencies of the long continued commercial pressure and the large reduction in the value of produce permitted, which have not upon all insurance business alike) been more than compensated by the influx of fresh insurances. The 'Royal' has never had a larger body of constituents than now. The ratio of increase of premium during the last two years, notwithstanding the conservative policy adopted, and the diminished price of commodities, shows unmistakably that the favor of the public has grown with the growth of the Company, and has not suffered even a temporary diminution from any cause whatever. No happier announcement can be made to the Shareholders than that which is contained in the following statement—that notwithstanding the considerable augmentation of the annual premiums collected, the entire amount at the Company's risk is very considerably less than what it has been in the past. This, in all probability, improve with the improvement of commerce, whilst its effect will be still further to increase the revenue of the Company. The beneficial effects of the new investigation made into the business, item by item, can be shown by the tabulated results which have been systematically carried on so far as has been practicable. The difficulties in the way of making this record entirely complete are of course innumerable; yet, like the plan originated by this Company of tracing declined lives, it may, with all its unavoidable imperfections, become of any single instance traced of a loss avoided by cautionary measures is not in itself diminished in the slightest degree by the fact that there must necessarily be always many other like cases which escape observation altogether. The Shareholders will be gratified to learn that the amounts of loss by fire distinctly traced to have been escaped by the prudent action of the Company in the last year, have reached the sum of £72,811. This, be it remembered, is in addition to an amount of £240,000 announced at that time to have been saved in like manner. This large amount may, however, be considered as exceptional in some respects, as it is not probable that the most difficult scrutiny will suffice at all times to discover more than a moderate percentage of the amount of declined risks ultimately resulting in fire. The following is the report from the different branches of losses which have occurred from 1st August, 1867, to 30th July, 1868, on risks declined by the Company—in the agency department, £53,901; home, £290; foreign, £13,700; guaranteed, £4,250; total, £72,811.

LIFE BRANCH.

The measures announced at the last meeting of the Shareholders, detailing the progress of the Company's business, and the increase in the proportion of profits to be given to participating assureds, have already had a considerable effect on the life branch of the Company's business. The fact that new participating assureds will now receive three-fourths of the profits instead of two-thirds as heretofore, cannot fail to induce a large influx of fresh business from this time forward. Notwithstanding that the commercial depression referred to has considerably interfered with life assurance as well as fire insurance throughout Great Britain and its dependencies, of which this Company has shared in the effects, the progress of the life branch of the Company's business has been such as to fully justify the confidence placed in it by the Shareholders. The annual average amount of new business for the last quinquennial period (1859-1864), during which the Company's life business had made a most remarkable spring in advance, was yet only about £258,000, whilst in the preceding like period (1854-1859), it was only £231,000. The lives declined during the same three years (1865-7), number 1,163, the aggregate sum proposed for assurance then being £1,212,688, 10s. 6d. The lives proposed for assurance during the last year have been moderate. The increase of the Life Insurance business in the year 1867, after paying all claims and every expense, reaches the sum of £228,888 10s. 6d. The total amount of these funds will now be over one million sterling. In 1864, after appropriating the portion of profits to the participating assureds, the Shareholders the funds stood at £221,341 16s. 6d. In 1865 the amount invested for the year, after paying all claims and expenses, was £103,148 7s. 3d.; in 1866, £124,065 7s. 6d.; in 1867, £128,688 10s. 6d. 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THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Wednesday Morning, Sept. 30, 1868.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

Sept 28—Sch Black Diamond, McCulloch, Nainaimo
Slip Mier, McKenzie, San Juan
Slip Inverloch, McKenzie, San Juan
Slip Inverloch, McKenzie, San Juan
Sept 29—Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend

CLEARED.

Sept 28—Slip Mier, McKenzie, San Juan
Slip Inverloch, McKenzie, San Juan
Slip Inverloch, McKenzie, San Juan
Sept 29—Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend

PORT OF PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

ENTERED.

Sept 28—Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend
Sept 29—Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend

CLEARED.

Sept 28—Stmr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend
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PASSENGERS.

Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—
Mr. Crockett and wife, Mrs. Clark and daughter, Mrs. Trout and boy, Miss Florence Myers, Miss Clara Myers, Mrs. Horsey, F. H. Lamb, P. McQuade, McNaught, McCormick, Anderson, Hudson, Baker, Tompkins, Haney, Leeson, Ellis, Miller.

CONSIGNEES.

Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—
A. Francis, J. R. Stewart, D. Morrison, Reynolds & Co, McFarley, Murray.

IMPORTS.

Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—
35 bxs fruit, 30 bxs flour, 5 sacks oysters, 46 hams, 112 sheep, 12 head cattle.

DIED.

At Jalay, Port, of Yellow Fever, Matthew Thomas Ballie, aged 25 years, only son of the late Mr. Ballie, of this City—leaving his widowed mother to mourn his loss.
California and Glasgow Papers please copy.

Auction Sales To-day.

J. P. DAVIES & Co., Wharf street, will sell at 11 o'clock, Hardware, Shelf Goods, Dwelling House, Lumber, Copper Still, Boiler, &c.

County Court.

[Before His Honor Judge Pemberton and a Jury of six.]

The most interesting case before the Court yesterday was the assault—Carmayou vs Corbinere—damages \$500, which appeared to cause considerable excitement. The court was crowded with the mutual friends of the parties concerned, and the public generally. The particulars of the assault are as follows: The plaintiff owns property adjoining the defendant's place of business at the intersection of Yates and Broad streets, and the defendant had about half a cord of wood in the yard belonging to the plaintiff which he was anxious to have removed, but which defendant appeared in no hurry about. It was as to the removal of this wood the assault occurred on the 9th inst, which the plaintiff alleged confined him to his room from that date to the 20th inst, and by which he was seriously injured in his business relations. Dr. Dickson, as plaintiff's medical adviser, gave evidence, of the extent and severity of the personal injuries sustained. Mr. Promis, Mr. Rippon and others on behalf of plaintiff testified to the origin and character of the fight. Mr. Keyser, senior, refused to give evidence until he received \$10 for his own and wife's fees, a demand the plaintiff's attorney refused to comply with. For the defence Mr. Corbinere the defendant, Mr. Keyser and Mr. Beckingham were called. The assault was admitted, but it was contended to be justifiable; Keyser testified to the violent language and justification of plaintiff, and Beckingham to the foul and insulting meaning of the terms used. The Judge summed up at four o'clock, and at a quarter past five the jury gave a verdict in favor of plaintiff—\$5 nominal damages, merely to carry costs. Mr. Wood instructed by Mr. Courner, appeared for plaintiff; Mr. Robertson instructed by Messrs Drake & Co, for defendant.

The other cases decided were—Harris vs Hewett, confessed; Shotbolt vs Bailey, confessed; McCrea and Griffin vs Lyons, confessed; Greenbaum vs Wilson, nonsuited; Creighton vs Dalby, verdict for defendant and costs.

THE IMPROVEMENTS AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Whatever may be said as to the policy of expending \$5000 for improvements at Government House at the present time, people must admit that when completed, additional comforts and advantages, even luxuries, will be secured to its viceregal occupants. With the alterations and additions made, four new rooms have been gained, and much convenience added to the rooms hitherto in use. A main entrance hall just finished will be thirteen feet wide, with a handsome staircase five feet six inches in width, constructed of English oak and Spanish mahogany highly polished. This will be surmounted with a dome thirty-five feet high. The billiard room is thirty-three feet by twenty-two, neatly ornamented and well lighted from the roof as well as from the side windows. The Governor's private office, the library and Private Secretary's apartment, are well designed, and will be the most cheerful suite of apartments in the Colony. The barracks, standing to the right of the main entrance, are in cottage style of architecture and are picturesque and commodious. 'Carey Castle' at last promises to be a residence worthy our Colonial Governors; both the exterior and interior having been wonderfully improved from designs of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. The execution of the designs has been entrusted to Mr. W. Emory. Does His Excellency expect His Royal Highness Prince Alfred, we wonder?

LOCAL BRIEFS.—The Active arrived at Port Townsend on Sunday and cleared on Monday for this port. Two more gas lamps are being erected—one fronting the 'Brown Jug,' on Fort street, the other the 'Beehive.' The Robert Cowan was to have been towed in yesterday by the steamer Fly. They anchored outside last night.

TIME.—The Albion foundry whistle will blow at five p. m. the incoming season, instead of six as heretofore.

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PUGET SOUND ITEMS.—Rev [?] E. W. Foster escaped from jail at Olympia last week. The 'Echo' is the title of a new weekly published at Olympia. It is devoted to the temperance, education and moral causes, generally. The Seattle Intelligencer confirms our report of the Indian massacre at Dungeness near the lighthouse. On Monday the 22nd, a canoe containing 15 souls, young and old, were all brutally murdered and mutilated, but one old woman, and she too was left for dead. The chief of the attacking party was also killed. Property and \$600 were taken from the victims.

NATAL.—H. M. S. Charybdis, announced to have sailed for this station from Australia, we learn, has had her orders countermanded. Lieut. Carey of the Ohio has been promoted to the rank of commander. A Court of Inquiry has been held at Mare Island, Cal, on the loss of U. S. S. Suwanee, when the Captain (Law) was acquitted of all blame in the matter, and was immediately appointed to the command of a vessel of the Chinese squadron. He left next day to fill his command.

The steamer Eliza Anderson arrived yesterday morning from Port Townsend. She brought a freight of cattle, oysters, furniture, fruit and flour, and twenty-one passengers. She will return early this morning in order to insure connection at Portland overland, with the San Francisco boat.

FROM NEW WESTMINSTER.—The Enterprise arrived from the Mainland yesterday afternoon. Thirty passengers came down and the lower country mails. Nothing additional has been heard from the scene of the Barkerville conflagration. The N. W. Agricultural Exhibition takes place to-day.

SHIP DISASTERS CONFIRMED.—Bark Ocean ran ashore on Dungeness spit, in the fog, on Friday last; she will be lost. The bark Atlanta, coal laden, from Bellingham Bay (not Nainaimo), also ran ashore on Friday, but floated off next day.

ARRIVAL.—The Moneyack from San Francisco, out 29 days, arrived in the outer harbor yesterday afternoon. She is consigned to Millard & Beedy.

SMALL POX.—We understand that there are one or two cases of smallpox amongst the Indians in the Sogish camp. One death occurred yesterday morning.

COLLECTOR FOR ALASKA.—A San Francisco paper states that Hiram Ketchum of New York is to be the new Collector for the port of Sitka.

THE AGRICULTURAL SHOW.—We beg to direct the attention of the public to the new and additional prize list published in to-day's COLONIST.

ANOTHER CONVENTION.—We understand that a Convention is shortly to be held in this City by some of our citizens for the purpose of discussing a subject of considerable importance. As far as we can learn it would appear that some of the old clottiers have found out that customers will not buy from their stock of shoddy and shoddy, since Adams & Beaven have opened out their stock of new, fashionable and well made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c., on Government street.

Mrs. DIGBY PALMER intends resuming her Juvenile Dancing Class (boys and girls), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 3 p. m., to be held at the Germania Sing Verein Hall, Yates street, one door below Wells Fargo's; commencing on Friday, the 2nd October, 1868. For terms apply at Mrs. Palmer's residence Kane street, Victoria, B. C.

The proprietors of the London House are in the market with their stock of autumn and winter goods, which are of an unusually fine character this season, having been selected personally by Mr. Turner for this market during his late visit to London and Paris.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL—the world's great remedy for Colds, Coughs, Consumption, and all affections of the Lungs and Throat.

Canadian News.

MONTREAL, August 31.—Private advices from Halifax indicate that John A. Macdonald's pacificatory movement was not so unsuccessful after all. A well-grounded rumor obtains that the Hon. Joseph Howe will be made Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia. This would end the repeal movement.

Since the appointment of a Fire Marshal the fires have increased tremendously. The greater number of them were in outbuildings, old houses, etc., evidently the work of an incendiary. The Deputy Fire Marshal, George Berry Davis, was suspected of setting fire to them. He was arrested, and on telegraphing to New York for information as to his antecedents, it was learned that he had been in the Internal Revenue service of the United States in New York, but had, it is said to fly the country. A warrant from Judge Blatchford is out against him. The authorities hold him till an American officer can be sent for.

Bateman's opera troupe, with Tostee, are to produce 'Barbe Bleue' 'La Grande Duchesse' and 'La Belle Helene' here this week. To-day the Roman Catholic Bishop caused a pastoral letter to be read in churches forbidding Catholics to attend theatres where such immoral and indecent plays were performed. The churches are to be kept open every evening this week.

OTTAWA, August 31.—In Whelan's trial for the murder of Mr. McGee, Mr. O'Reilly will prosecute for the Crown, and Whelan will be defended by Hon. John Hillyard Cameron, Hon. Matthew Crooks Cameron, and Kenneth McKenzie, three of the ablest and most eloquent members of the Canadian bar. [Since convicted.]

The following is a true account of the smuggling away and recovery of Groves, a witness in the Whelan case; Groves is a very important witness, as he proves Whelan's complicity with the noted Fenians, and identified him on the night of the murder. A large amount of American currency was noticed in his possession last week. The Government was warned that he was in communication with suspicious parties, but took no notice of it. On Friday he bolted to the United States in disguise, crossed to Ogdensburg and proceeded to Rome. The telegraph wires were at once put into requisition Sir John A. Macdonald telegraphed to get him back to Canada, no matter what it cost, and no matter how he

was got hold of. A despatch was sent to Detective Tinker, or Tinkham, at Ogdensburg, and Groves was arrested at Rome on a trumped up charge of burglary in Prescott. He was brought on to Ogdensburg, got comfortably drunk, and run into Canada.

This summary method of extradition causes no little comment, and it is believed the Canadian authorities will be called upon to explain their high-handed conduct, amounting to an outrage of international law.

Well known Fenian emissaries are in Ottawa, well furnished with funds to defend Whelan and buy up witnesses and ship them away wherever it is possible.

The Halifax Reporter indicates a few of the advantages which Nova Scotia has received from the union. The railway debt of the city of Halifax, say \$800,000, has been assumed by the General Government. 'This,' says the Reporter, 'in our well taxed community and with our educational burdens is surely a great good.' It says that the Dominion Government has subsidised the human line of a camera to call at Halifax, that without confederation the Windsor and Annapolis Railway could not have been built, that the new mail steam service from Halifax to St. John, calling at Lunenburg, Liverpool, and Yarmouth, costing \$10,000 a year, is entirely due to confederation, that the construction and introduction of post-office sorting cars on the railway is owing entirely to the Dominion authorities.

OTTAWA, Aug 8.—The official Gazette contains a proclamation giving the Queen's assent to the Extradition act between Canada and the United States. The Divorce act is sanctioned by her Majesty.

The Parliament of Canada is further progressed until the 19th of September.

HALIFAX, Aug 8.—Mr. Howe, chairman of the Committee on Public Safety, reported at length to the Convention last night, and the business of the Convention closed. The following resolution was adopted:

Whereas this Convention have fully considered the reply of the British Government to the address of the representatives of the people of Nova Scotia to her Majesty the Queen praying for the repeal of the act uniting Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the course which it is expedient to pursue in the present crisis of the public affairs of the province, be it, therefore,

Resolved—It is the opinion of the Convention that it is necessary to use every means to extricate the people of Nova Scotia from a confederation that has been forced upon them without their consent and against their will.

MONTREAL, Aug 10.—The Nova Scotia secession members have agreed to use all and every constitutional means which they can command (but constitutional means only) in order to remove Nova Scotia from the Canadian confederation.

They deplore rebellion against the Crown and annexation to the United States. This really means that they accept the situation.

The business in the local Legislature is proceeded with under protest.

Mr. Howe accepts the political situation unreservedly.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS!
A PURE AND POWERFUL TONIC
CORRODITIVE AND ALTERNATIVE
Of Wonderful Efficacy in Diseases
OF THE
STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS.
PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES.
Prevents Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fevers
Fortifies the system against Malaria and the evil effects of unwholesome water; invigorates the organs of digestion and the bowels.
Steadies the Nerves and Tends to Prolong Life.
REMEDIAL PROPERTIES.
Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick and Nervous Headache, General Debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation, Gout, Intermittent Fevers, Sea Sickness, Cramps and Spasms, and all complaints of either sex arising from Bodily Weakness, whether inherent in the system or PRODUCED BY SPECIAL CAUSES.
As a genuine Tonic, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated.
Persons of feeble habit, liable to Nervous Attacks, Loss of Spirit, and Fits of Languor, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.
Infants are benefited with Fever and Ague, it has been found to be a preventive and infallible as a remedy.
Those who resort to it in under apprehension of an attack, or as a tonic, and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine.
Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretory organs.

SOLD EVERYWHERE!
HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO.
DRUGGISTS,
29 6th St. San Francisco

Fellows, Roscoe, & Co.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
EX SPIRIT of the AGE
AND
PRINCESS ROYAL.

Lea & Perrin's Sauce
Morton's Mixed Pickles
Sardines, in qr and hlf tins
Candles, in 25 lbs boxes, Price's
Boiled Linseed Oil and Paints
Wood Matches
Paper Hangings
Ba Tumblers and Assorted Glassware
Leather Calf Skins
Pick Steel and Pick Iron, assorted sizes, a large lot
Tin Plates, assorted kinds
Sheet Iron, assorted sizes
Bar Iron, all sizes
Bar Lead
Zinc
Looking Glasses
Horse Nails, Griffin's

TO ARRIVE
Per **PRINCE VICTOR,**
R G and Common Sheet Iron
18 casks Zinc
Block Tin, in bars and pgs
Horse Nails, &c.

Always on Hand a Large Assortment of English and American Hardware, Cutlery, Platedware, Iron, Steel and Metal.

Auction Sales.

P. M. BACKUS
Is instructed to sell, by Public Auction, by order of the Official Administrator in the Estate of J. H. WOOD, deceased,

Monday, Oct. 5th,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

A Large and Valuable Assortment of

Wearing Apparel, Linen, Bedding & other Effects.

ALSO

Superior Nautical Instruments and Charts, Dressing Case, Pictures, Books, Chest of Drawers, Trunks, &c.

All of which will be on view at Salesroom on and after Wednesday next.

Apply to
MR ROBERT BISHOP,
Solicitor, Bastion street.
se29

P. M. BACKUS,
Will Sell, by Auction
AT SALESROOM
Wharf Street,
Monday next, Oct. 5,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

LOT 1—All that piece or parcel of land, containing 128 acres, represented within the lines lettered LXV and LXVI upon the Official Map of Sooke district.

The above land will be found to be of excellent quality.

LOT 2—All that piece or plot of land situate in the City of Victoria, and marked on the plan as lots 1768 and 1769, block 61.

These lots are well situated, and lands in the immediate vicinity are fast rising in value.

LOT 3—The two several lots numbered 1735 and 1736 also on the official map.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, or at the office of

ROBERT BISHOP,
Solicitor, Bastion street, Victoria.
se29

Dated 28th Sept, 1868.

PRELIMINARY ADVERTISEMENT.

P. M. BACKUS
Has been instructed by
Messrs Sproat & Co.,
TO SELL
Tuesday, Oct. 13th,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.
AT THEIR WAREHOUSE,
A Fine Assortment of Liquors, consisting of
Hennessy Brandy, in Case and Bulk
Martell do do
Jules, Robbin & Co, in Case
Tribot, Fils & Co's very Superior old, in case
Rum, Fine old Jamaica, in puncheons, high proof
Whisky, Fine Camlaebie pure Malt, in case and bulk

Wines
Ronaldson's Sherry, in bulk, different qualities
Bridge & Sons, in case
Nicholson & Sons, in case
Port, Ronaldson's, in bulk
Hooper's, do
Nicholson & Sons, in case
Clode & Baker's, do

Champagne
Creme de Bonziz and other brands
Ale, in pints and quarts
Porter do do
Brown Stout
Paints and Colors
Oilman's Stores
Clay Pipes
Soap, &c., &c.
se29

Valuable Farm to Lease.
TO LEASE, FOR A TERM OF 3, 5 or 7 years, a Valuable Farm at Comax, Vancouver Island, comprising 310 acres of very fertile land. Nearly 50 acres are fenced and under cultivation, and upwards of 200 tons of produce have been raised this season. Nearly all the Farm is Prairie Land, well watered, and offers great advantages to any person wishing to farm extensively.
The House and Farm Buildings are substantially built and in good repair.
There is a Dairy of 9 Cows; 2 Yoke of Working Oxen, 20 head of Store Cattle, and 100 Hogs, &c., all of which can be taken at a valuation if required.
The steamer Sir James Douglas makes monthly trips to Comax, and the steamer Alarm fortnightly, and offers great facilities for shipping produce.
For further particulars apply to
MR BAILLY, the owner.
Comax, V. I., Aug. 28th, 1868. se29

Auction Scales.

J. P. Davies & Co
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Salesroom Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.
Cash advances made on Assignments.

NOTICE
The Cattle Sale Yard will be opened as a Public Market every SATURDAY, from 7 to 12, noon, for the Sale of such Cattle and Produce as may be offered.
Scale of Charges can be known on application to
J. P. DAVIES & Co.,
ap10 Auctioneers.

Hardware Sale
J. P. DAVIES & Co.
Have received instructions to sell, by Public Auction,
AT SALESROOM
Wharf street,
THIS DAY
Wednesday, Sept. 30,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

25 cs and bbls of Shelf Goods
Balance of Stock of a Hardware Store, viz:
Collin's Axes, Picks and Shovels
Assorted kinds of
Kings, Bells, Handles, Pinneys, Knockers, Hooks, Staples, Latches, Catches, Brass Buttons, Spring Bolts, Hatchets, Axes, Draw Nobs, Chisel Handles, Cow Bells, Tack Hammers, Dividers, Mops, Brushes, Planes, Spittoons, Jelly Moulds, Graters, Hay Forks, Mattocks, Whip Saw, Hoe Handles, Spirit Levels, Decanters, Lamps, Founts, Coal Oil Burners, Globes, Side Racks and Reflectors, Curtain Bands, Axe and Pick Handles, Brush Hooks, Steelyards, Garden Tools, Iron Cramps, Hinges, Pans, Flesh Forks, Hoos, Grindstones, Steel Wedges, Patent Blocks, Dumb Bells, Brass Butts, Finishing Nails, Gimlet Point Screws, Brass Screws, Carriage Bolts, Brass Hooks, Powder Flasks, Plated & other Squares, Chalk & Fish Lines, Pocket Levels, Screw Drivers, J. R. Baud's Awl Blades, Gouges and Chisels, Saw Tools, Saws, Spurs, Ladders, Spoons and Forks, Table Cutlery, Door Locks, Picture Nails, Ch st Tilt, Cupboard, Trunk and Desk Locks, Hooks and Eyes, Plated Escutcheons, Wrenches, Pinchers, Curry Combs, Gold Scales, Auger Bits and Augers, Emery and Cloth Paper, Oil Stones, Butcher Knives, Dog Chains and Collars, Mane Combs, Snaps, Bridle and harness Buckles, Grindstones, Ox Chains, Saw Sets, Hammers, Window Springs, Padlocks, Molasses Gates, Fawcetts, Copper Nails and Tacks, Writing Paper, &c., &c.

For account of the former purchaser, Mr John Co. tello,
AT SALESROOM
Wharf Street
Pig Sty and Troughs
1 Dwelling House and fence
Lot Machinery in room
do front do
do No 3 do
House and Wharf
1 Truck, Lot Firewood and Lumber
Lot Shafis and Old Iron
1 Copper Still and small Worm.
Smut Mill and Blowers
1 Engine and Fly Wheel
1 Boiler

TERMS CASH.
J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
se25 Auctioneers.

Furniture Sale.
J. P. DAVIES & CO.
WILL SELL,
AT SALESROOM
Wharf Street,
Saturday, Oct. 3rd,
The Furniture of a Family leaving the Colony.

Auction Sales.

FRIDAY.
At Catle Sale Yard
J. P. DAVIES & CO.
Will sell, by Public Auction,
Friday, Oct. 2nd,
For account of whom it may concern,
By order of
Mr John Heal
One Bull, for Trespass
NOTICE
RED AND WHITE SPOTTED BULL.
Red marked, V. on the left side, O. on right side. The above has been impounded by me on my farm, at Lake District, for damages committed, and will be sold in one week unless claimed.
JOHN HEAL

J. P. DAVIES,
Auctioneer
se30

Admiralty Sale.
J. P. DAVIES & Co.
Have received instructions from Admiral the
Hon. G. F. HASTINGS,
To sell, by Public Auction
AT SALESROOM
Wharf Street,
Tuesday, Oct. 6th,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

The following Condemned Goods, damaged by salt-water while on board Freight Ship Spirit of the Age,
670 yards No. 1 Blue Navy Cloth
525 yards Duck, 37 prs Mens' Stockings
1014 yards Flannel, 25 pairs Boys' Stockings
1896 yards Blue Sarge, 5 Beds
60 yards Blue Jean, 14 Bed Covers,
163 Blankets, 24 Sheet Jackets, R M LI
112 Mens' Shirts, 150 Towels
150 sets Trowser Materials
Also at same time
1 cs 30 doz Baltic Shirts
1 piece Black Cloth, 1 piece Blk Cloth
Overalls, Hickory Shirts, Cord
Pants, White Shirts, Undershirts
and Drawers, &c., &c.
TERMS CASH.
J. P. DAVIES,
se20 Auctioneer.

Cattle Sale.
Sheep, Rams, Heifers
Mules, Horses.
J. P. DAVIES & CO.
Have received instructions from
K. McKenzie, Esq.,
To sell, by Public Auction, at
Cattle Sale Yard,
FORT STREET,
Thursday, Oct. 8th,
70 Pure Blood Southdown Breeding
Ewes
2 Full Grown Rams
3 9-month Rams
10 2 and 3-year old Heifers
2 Large Size Mules
3 Young Horses
1 First-class Boar.
The above will be sold in Lots to Suit.
se24

Pick me Up.
The most Wonderful Morning Restorative in the World. Most Gentlemen from Scotland can testify to the Astonishing and Harmless Effects of this Drink. Made from the Celebrated Recipe of Mr. Rainer, of Edinburgh. To be had ONLY at the
BLUE POST,
Cor. of Johnson & Douglas sts.
NOTICE.
FURN and AFFIX THIS DATE I will only accept GUIN for RENTS as well as for any other payments to be made to me.
Ed. LOWENBERG

New Advertisements.



Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver Ware,
Plated Ware,
Spectacles,
Field Glasses,
Opera Glasses,
Eye Glasses,
Telescopes,
Compasses,
Music Boxes,
&c. &c. &c.

The undersigned has, in addition to his Ordinary Large and Fine Selection of

FINE GOODS

Received lately many of the

RICHEST KINDS OF

JEWELRY,

Of the Latest Manufacture,

Which he Offers at

THE LOWEST PRICES.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks,

Music Boxes, Jewelry, &c.,

Carefully Repaired and Warranted.

Also, **JEWELRY** of any Description

made to Order.

Orders from the **INTERIOR** Promptly

attended to at

J. L. JUNGERMANN'S,

MASONIC BUILDING,
Government Street,
Victoria, V. I.

Carpets! Carpets!!

AND

Floor Cloth.

EX "PRINCESS ROYAL,"

And other Late Arrivals,

Comprising Invoices of well-selected

Brussels, Tapestry and Kidderminster

Carpets,

And Nairn & Co.'s Patent

OIL CLOTH.

In Quantities to suit Purchasers, at Reasonable Prices.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

BEDDING, BLANKETS, LAMPS, AND

FITTINGS,

Paper Hangings,

TABLE CUTLERY,

Electro-Plated Ware,

HARDWARE, TOOLS, TINWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Children's Carriages,

&c. &c. &c.

AT

D. Edward's,

New & Second-hand Establishment,

FOUNTAIN PLACE.

se21

JOHN WEILER,

FORT STREET, NEAR BROAD,

UPHOLSTERER

AND

Paperhanger,

Has on hand and offers for Sale

WALL PAPER,

Long English Rolls, from 16 cts. per Roll

upwards.

Lounges, Spring, Hair, Wool, Pulu and Straw

Mattresses, Brass and Mahogany Window Poles, Cornices,

Window Blinds and other Upholstery Goods.

Also...

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

se20 2m JOHN WEILER.

New Advertisements.

Groceries and Provisions.

BUFFALO TONGUES AND HUMPS.

NICELY CURED **BUFFALO TONGUES**

AND **HUMPS**, lately received from the Territory of

Montana, United States.

For Sale at the

HUDSON BAY COMPANY'S ST. OR.

Oysters! Oysters! Oysters!

AT

PIPER'S SALOON,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

A Constant Supply of **FRESH OLYMPIA OYSTERS**

during the Season.

Jesse Cowper,

Boots & Shoes

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS

Yates St., opp. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.

At the Old Stand of Webster & Co.,

is prepared to supply the wants of the

Public in his line.

THE LATEST STYLES

Received by every arrival from Eng-

land and San Francisco

C. F. BARNARD, M. D.

Mechanical & Surgical Dentist.

OFFICE:—Douglas street, first house on the right

South of Fort street.

ALL BRANCHES OF THE PRO-

fession skillfully executed. Teeth extracted with-

out pain by the use of Chloroform, Ether, or "Riggle's

Spray."

Charge for the Extraction of Adult Teeth and Chil-

dren's Second Teeth, without "Spray" or Chloroform

each. Charge for Fillings and other Work, reduced,

so as to conform somewhat to the exigency of the times.

Plates of Silver, Gold, or Vulcanite neatly, strongly and

completely repaired, whether partially broken or com-

pletely divided in two. Advice gratis.

Victoria, V. I., B. C., Aug. 9th, 1887.

LD. LOWENBERG.

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Government street, near corner of Broughton

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION

to selling, purchasing and leasing property; to ne-

gotiating loans and transacting everything connected

with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different Districts on the island may be

seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing home-

steads, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin

Board a list of lots on nearly every street; Farming or

Gardening Land in every District, some of which afford

rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage to loan, in sums to suit

the demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable

rates.

THOMAS HARRIS

FAMILY MARKET,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA,

(Adjoining the London House.)

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS

Dealer in

MEATS AND VEGETABLES

my 8-0m

Ex "Spirit of the Age,"

LANGLEY & CO.

Have received a full Assortment of

Grimault's & Co.'s Celebrated Pro-

parations.

The Choicest Parisian Perfumery of

Rigaud & Co.'s and Lubin.

Vien's Flea Powder in Bellows, Blowers

and Bowls.

Gosnell's Treble Distilled Lavender Water

Wright's Coal Tar Soap.

Fragrances of the most Approved Styles.

Curling's Cod Liver Oil.

Letichford's Pomades, Oils and Soaps.

Also, a Large Assortment of

Pure Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, &c.

se10

Sandwich Islands'

Sugar & Molasses.

THE CARGO OF THE SCHOONER

FAVORITE, just arrived from Honolulu, consisting

of carefully selected **MOLASSES** and No. 1 **SUGAR.**

ALSO:

The remainder of bark **AVA'S** cargo of **SUGAR**, from

Cerro Azul.

For sale by

J. R. STEWART.

se14

Victoria, V. I., 14 Sept., 1888.

Sugar & Molasses.

Daily expected per "ROBERT COWAN"

from Honolulu.

SUGARS, Assorted Grades.

MOLASSES, of Extra Quality, specially

selected.

Which will be sold at Lowest Market Rates, upon

arrival.

JANION, RHODES & CO.

se14

Victoria, Sept. 14th, 1888.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE OF THE SPRING RIVER

Water Works Company, Limited, removed to

Government street, next door to Mr. P. O'Dwyer.

Orders left at the Office will receive immediate atten-

tion.

se20

New Advertisements.

"Spirit of the Age,"

"Princess Royal,"

AND

"Prince Victor."

—

JOHN WILKIE & CO.

OFFER

FOR SALE

THE FOLLOWING

GOODS,

To Arrive per above

Vessels,

Now shortly due here

from London.

COATS—Tweed, Doeskin, Beaver and

Black Cloth, in all styles; Inver-

ness Wrappers, Waterproof Coats,

&c.

TROUSERS—Cassimere, Tweed, Doe-

skin, Witney, Beaver, Molekin,

Corduroy, Duck, Dungaree, &c.—a

great variety

VESTS—Fancy Silk and Wool, Black

Cloth, Tweed, Doeskin, &c.

BOYS' CLOTHING—A Large Assort-

ment.

OVERSHIRTS—Blue Pilot, Tweed, Grey

and Blue Serge &c., Cardigan

Jackets.

CRIMEAN SHIRTS, with Collars—

A Large Assortment.

DRAWERS and UNDERSHIRTS, in

Flannel, Lamb's Wool, Merino and

Cotton.

MENS' SOCKS—Scotch Knit, Lambs'

Wool, Merino and Cotton—Plain

and Fancy.

SHIRTS—White Long Cloth and Fancy

Regatta Shirts.

HATS and CAPS—Soft Felt Hats, in

all qualities; Beaver Plush Hats,

Navy Caps, &c.

HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.—Bandana,

White Cambric and Printed Cotton.

Handkerchiefs, Black Silk Hand-

kerchiefs, Silk Ties, Woollen Scarfs

Linen and Paper Collars, Woollen

Gloves Braces, &c., &c.

DRY GOODS—Cotton Prints, Winseys,

Tartans, Coburgs, Woollen Shawls,

White and Grey Calicos, White and

Colored Saxony Flannels, Baizes, Roll

Cambrics, Selicias, Diapers, Turkish

Towels, Ribbons, Cotton & Merino

Hose, Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,

Fancy Bugle and other Trimmings,

Linen Napkins, Bed-Tick, Linen

Threads, &c., &c.

HABERDASHERY—A Complete As-

sortment.

ENGLISH BROGANS—A Large Lot

of Superior qualities in American

Shapes.

BOOTS and SHOES—English Rubber

Boots and Shoes.

ENGLISH SOAP, CANDLES, &c.

JOHN WILKIE & CO.,

se12m

Victoria, V. I., 12 Sept., 1888.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. DAVIE, JUNR., HAS REMOVED

his Office to the Premises next door to the Union

Brook and Ladder Co.'s Truck House, on Bastion street,

Opposite the Police Court.

se22

THE ROSE POWER

Preserves the skin from the roughness of the

wind and the cold, gives it a soft freshness, and

prevents red spots and freckles. It is far superior

to rice and starch powders, and it is deliciously

perfumed.

Premium Purchasers of Two Articles of

RIGAUD & CO., are entitled to

receive Gratuitously the

LITTLE MONITOR,

A Guide to the Toilet, with PHOTOGRAPHIC

ILLUSTRATIONS.

IN VICTORIA

AT MESSRS

LANGLEY & CO.

se12 3m

Victoria, V. I., 12 Sept., 1888.

New Advertisements.